WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An electroluminescent device comprising a cathode and anode, and, located therebetween, at least one "A" layer containing a fluorescent material that emits blue light and a hydrocarbon host and at least one "B" layer containing a phosphorescent yellow-light-emitting material.
- 2. The device of claim 1 wherein Layer A emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates: 2.4 * x 0.43 < y < -0.077 * x +0.35.
- 3. The device of claim 1 wherein Layer B emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates: 0.24 * x + 0.26 < y < 3 * x 0.6.
- 4. The device of claim 1 wherein Layer A emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates: 2.4 * x 0.43 < y < -0.077 * x +0.35,

and Layer B emits light with color defined by the following relationship:

$$0.24 * X + 0.26 < y < 3 * x - 0.6$$
.

5. The device of claim 4 wherein the relationship between the CIE color coordinates of light emitted by Layer A and B is defined by equations (1) and (2), respectively:

$$y_y > (0.25 - y_b) / (0.31 - x_b) * x_y + (y_b * 0.31 - 0.25 * x_b) / (0.31 - x_b) (1)$$

 $y_y < (0.41 - y_b) / (0.31 - x_b) * x_y + (y_b * 0.31 - 0.41 * x_b) / (0.31 - x_b) (2)$

wherein:

(x_b, y_b) represent the x and y color coordinates of light emitted by layer A;

 (x_y, y_y) represent the x and y color coordinates of light emitted by layer B.

- 6. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a perylene group.
- 7. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises 2,5,8,11-tetra-*t*-butyl perylene (TBP).
- 8. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a blue-light-emitting distyrylbenzene group or distyrylbiphenyl group.
- 9. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a material of Formula 1a or Formula 1b,

$$R_2$$
 N
 R_3
 R_4

Formula 1a

$$R_{5}$$
 N
 R_{7}
 R_{8}

Formula 1b

wherein:

 $each\ of\ R_1-R_8\ independently\ represent\ hydrogen\ or\ an$ $independently\ selected\ substituent.$

- 10. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises 1,4-bis[2-[4-[N,N-di(p-tolyl)amino]phenyl]vinyl]benzene (BDTAPVB) or 1,4-bis[2-[4-[N,N-di(p-tolyl)amino]phenyl]vinyl]biphenyl.
- 11. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a compound represented by Formula 2a,

wherein:

Ar¹ and Ar² independently represent the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group; and

 \boldsymbol{Z}^{a} and \boldsymbol{Z}^{b} represent independently selected substituents.

- 12. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a boron atom.
- 13. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a compound represented by Formula 2b,

wherein:

each Z^a and Z^b independently represents an independently selected substituent;

each na independently represents 0, 1, or 2; and each nb independently represents 0-4.

- 14. The device of claim 1 wherein the fluorescent material is between 0.1 and 15 wt% of the light-emitting layer A.
- 15. The device of claim 1 wherein the host material comprises an anthracene group.
- 16. The device of claim 1 wherein the host material comprises a material represented by Formula 3,

$$W_2$$
 W_3
 W_4
 W_{10}
 W_5
Formula 3

wherein:

each of W_1 - W_{10} independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected hydrocarbon substituent, provided that two adjacent substituents can combine to form rings.

17. The device of claim 16 wherein W^9 and W^{10} irepresent naphthyl groups.

- 18. The device of claim 16 wherein W⁹ and W¹⁰ represent a naphthyl group and a biphenyl group.
- 19. The device of claim 16 wherein W⁹ represents a biphenyl group.
- 20. The device of claim 16 wherein W¹ and W² join together and represent the atoms necessary to form a fused benzene group.
- 21. The device of claim 16 wherein W¹ and W², W³ and W⁴, and W⁵ and W⁶, and W⁷ and W⁸, independently represent hydrogen, a hydrocarbon substituent, or adjacent groups that join together to form a fused benzene group.
- 22. The device of claim 1 wherein the host material is represented by Formula 4,

$$Aw^{2}$$
 Aw^{1}
 Aw^{10}
 Aw^{9}
 Aw^{8}
 Aw^{5}
 Aw^{6}
 Aw^{7}
Formula 4

wherein:

each or Aw^1-Aw^{10} independently represent hydrogen or aromatic hydrocarbon groups; and

A represents a phenylene group or a biphenylene group.

23. The device of claim 22, wherein A represents a phenylene group.

- 24. The device of claim 1 wherein the host material comprises 9,10-di-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (ADN), 2-t-butyl-9,10-di-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (TBADN), or 10-(4-biphenyl)-9-(2-naphthyl)anthracene.
- 25. The device of claim 1 wherein the phosphorescent emitting material comprises an organometallic complex comprising a metal and at least one ligand, wherein the metal is selected from the group consisting of Ir, Rh. Ru, Pt, and Pd.
 - 26. The device of claim 25 wherein the metal is Ir.
- 27. The device of claim 25 wherein at least one ligand comprises a 3-arylisoquinoline group.
- 28. The device of claim 25 wherein the ligand comprises a 3-phenyl-isoquinoline group.
- 29. The device of claim 25 wherein the ligand comprises a naphthyl-pyridine group.
- 30. The device of claim 1 wherein the phosphorescent material is between 2 and 15 wt% of the light-emitting layer B.
- 31. A display comprising the electroluminescent device of claim 1.
- 32. The device of claim 1 wherein white light is produced either directly or by using filters.

- 33. An area lighting device comprising the electroluminescent device of claim 1.
- 34. A process for emitting light comprising applying a potential across the device of claim 1.